

Concept of Operations for Future **EVA** activities

- Desert Research and Technology Studies (RATS)
- Advanced EVA Walkback Test
- Primary Life Support Subsystem (PLSS) design evaluations
- **EVA Information System design**
 - evaluations

Desert RATS

- Collaboration with...
- Other NASA Centers
- Industry
- Universities
- Technologies evaluated
- Head mounted display
- Speech recognition system
- Rover usability
- Backhoe usability

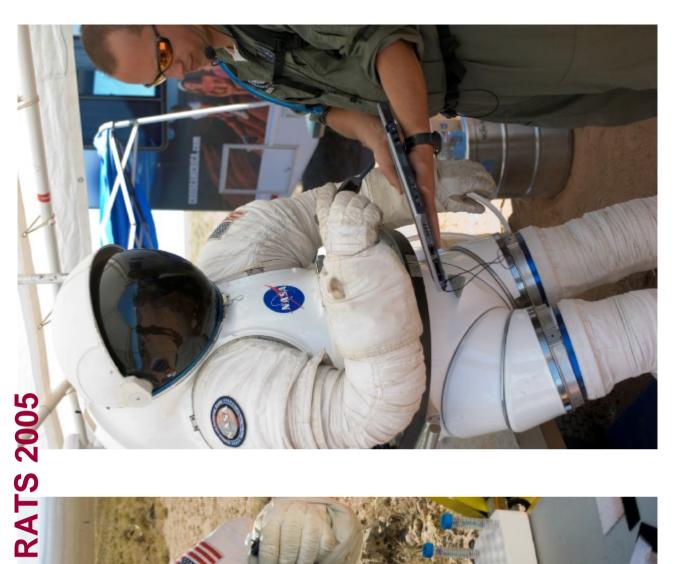






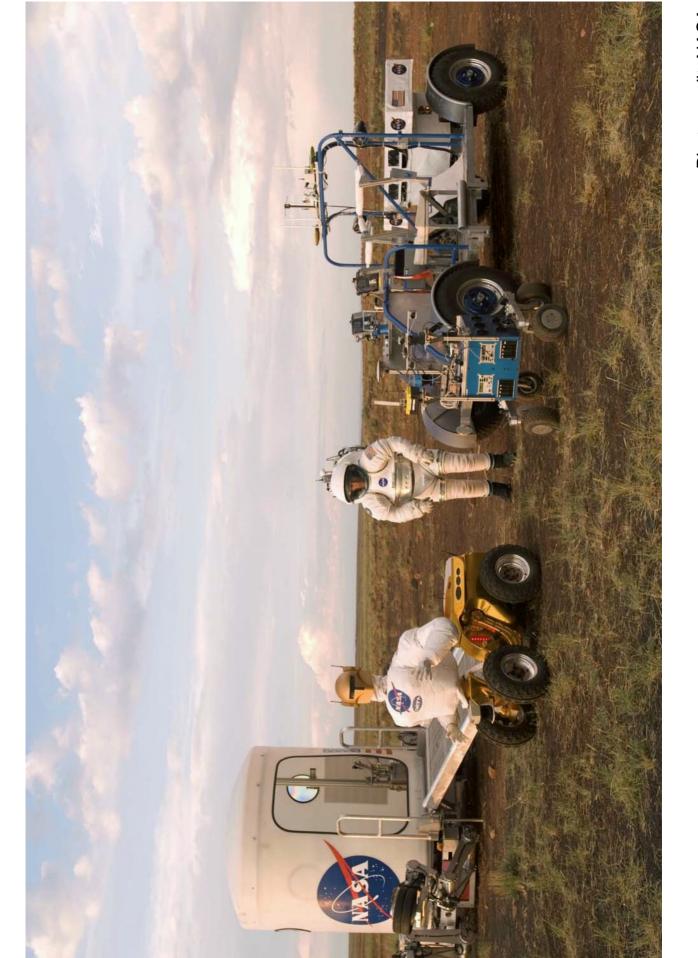




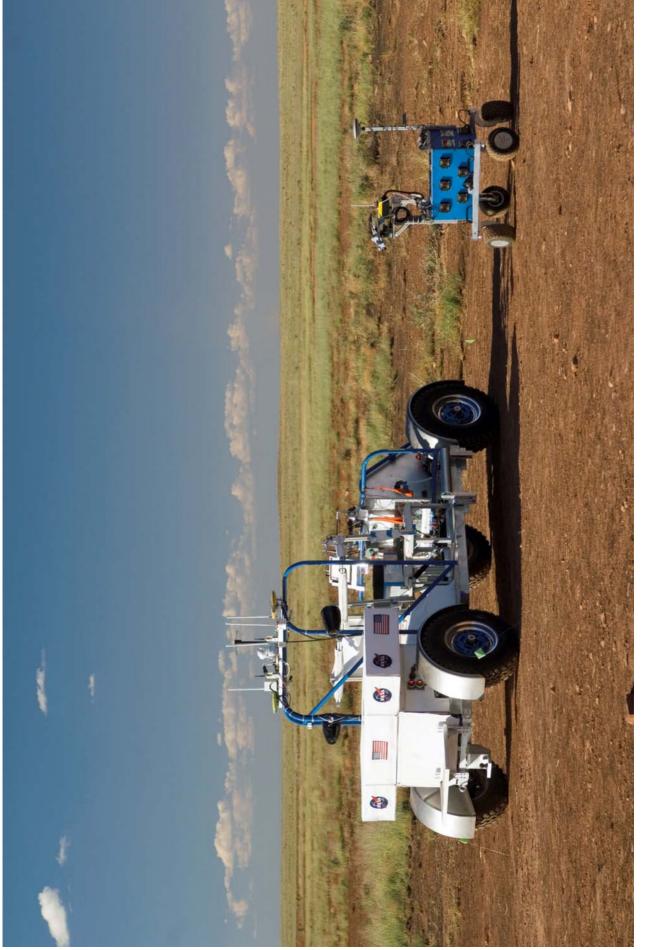




Photo credit: NASA









Advanced EVA Walkback Test

- Can a suited crewmember walk back 10 km at Lunar gravity?
- Collaboration with...
- Multi-disciplinary team from within JSC
- **Exercise Physiology**
- Space Human Factors Labs
- Engineering
- Building 9 facility
 - Metabolic costs
- Joint biomechanics
- Subjective measurements - Rating of perceived exertion (RPE)
- Modified Cooper-Harper
- CG stability
- Discomfort
- NASA TLX
- Target tracking task





Walkback Subjective Results

- RPE = 11.8
- Cooper-Harper = 3.5
- Discomfort = 1.5
- NASA TLX
- Physical demand and Effort two factors contributing to workload
- 40%, moderate amount of perceived workload
- Target tracking task
- Participants gamed the system were aware it was being used to assess cognitive capability
- Two participants did not game the system
- Performance was same pre and post for one
- Increase in time to completion for the other

Integrated Suit Test 1

- Characterize suit parameters that contribute to metabolic costs of operating in a suit
- Vary suit pressure
- Vary suit weight
- Vary inertial mass
- Currently collecting data projected completion at the end of May 2007
- Subjective measurements
- Rating of perceived exertion

Modified Cooper-Harper

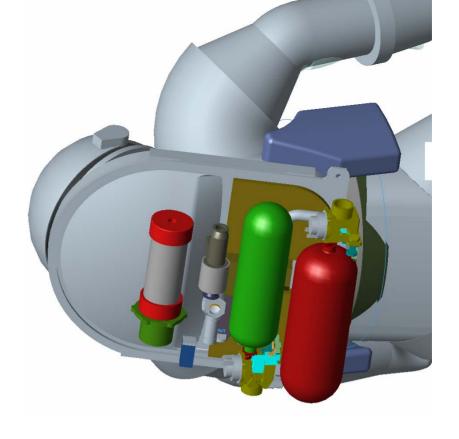
- Discomfort
- Thermal comfort

Portable Life Support Subsystem (PLSS)

- Collaboration with...
- Other NASA Centers
- Industry
- Design evaluations for packaging PLSS components
- Human Factors
 personnel offering input
 on physical and visual
 access for maintenance
 and general good human
 factors practices

Flex PLSS Design Process

- Basic problem time and money
- Goal develop process to minimize schedules for design, efficient in redesign for any changes in future (new technology), utilize most effective tools we can find reduce verification testing time
 - Flex PLSS Packaging method allows for reconfiguration of the design schematics, new technology, etc
- Design Structure Matrix (DSM) standard representation for system architecture that can be used to address modularity and changeability associated with these criteria



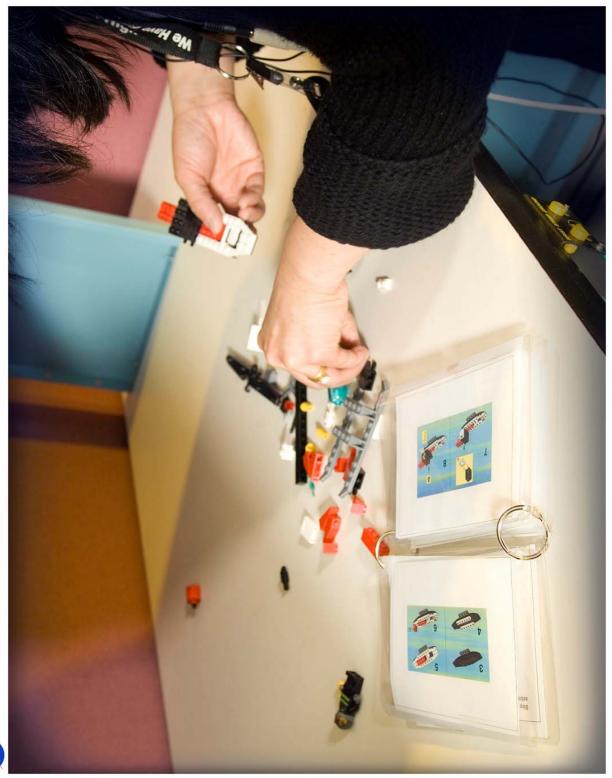
EVA Information System

- Collaboration with Glenn Research Center (GRC)
- display and speech recognition system Proof of concept for a head mounted
- Initial human factors evaluation conducted at GRC in April 2007
- Data is still being analyzed

(I)







National Aeronautics and Space Administration John H. Glenn Research Center at Lewis Field



EVA Information System

Initial results – time to complete (min:sec ± min)

 $- \text{HMD } 1^{\text{st}} = 22.24 \pm 5$

 $- \text{ HMD 2}^{\text{nd}} = 17.53 \pm 5$

- Cue Cards $1^{st} = 17:18 \pm 4$

- Cue Cards $2^{nd} = 11:21 \pm 5$

- Geology = 6:26 \pm 1

EVA Information System

- Initial recommendations for improvement
- Improve the system's ability to recover from errors
- Improve ease of adjustment on HMD, angular adjustment
- Improve comfort of HMD pinched head
- Decrease wait period between keyword and command
- Add an indicator to the display that voice commanding is activated
- Add a zoom feature
- Filter out background noise to reduce false-positives
- Add a "mute" option

Thank you!

Any Questions?